



Maximize Infection Control Compliance With Easy-to-Use Disinfecting Technology



SwabCap™

Disinfecting Cap for Needlefree Connectors

The only disinfecting cap to help enhance patient safety by providing continuous disinfection for up to 7 days, if not removed.

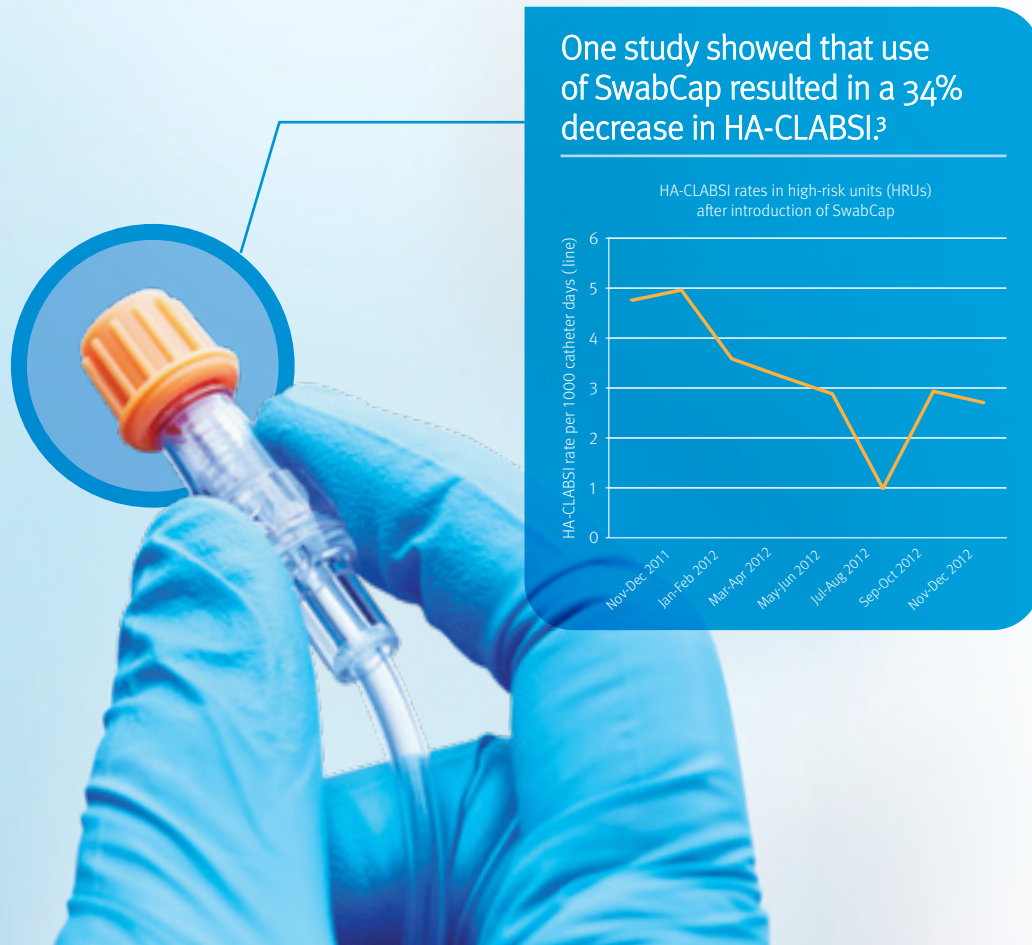
See How Something So Small Can Make a Difference In Infection Control

Nursing guidelines recommend swabbing needfree connectors before every access to help minimize the risk of bacterial contamination.¹

Needlefree IV connectors play an important role in the fight against CRBSI, but nursing guidelines still suggest that connectors be swabbed before each access. Unfortunately, swabbing technique and compliance with these policies may vary and visual confirmation of connector disinfection may be difficult.

SwabCap's proven disinfecting technology can be an important element in your efforts to help minimize infection risks and improve swabbing compliance.

SwabCap's patented disinfecting cap design has been shown to help enhance the barrier to bacterial ingress while helping you standardize disinfection protocols.² Unlike other caps that only disinfect upon application, SwabCap continues to disinfect the connector surface for up to seven days until removed.



The Society for Healthcare Epidemiology of America (SHEA) recommends the use of disinfecting caps to help improve infection control best practices.⁴



Continuous Disinfection of Connector Surface

Completely disinfects after 30 seconds and continues disinfecting for up to seven days, if not removed.



Sterile, Individual Packaging

Reduces the risk of cross contamination with individually packaged disinfecting caps.



Visual Compliance Confirmation

Helps ensure swabbing compliance with easily identifiable colored disinfecting caps.

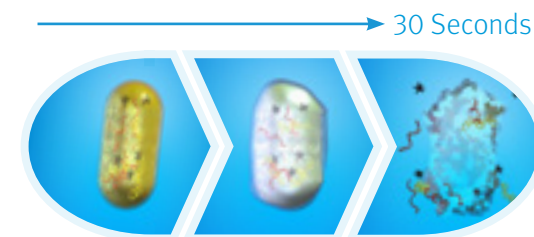


Patented Thread Cover Design

Disinfects both the top and threads of the connector for maximum protection.

Proven Infection Control Technology Designed to Help Prevent Bacterial Contamination⁵

Its patented thread cover design gives SwabCap the unique ability to continue disinfecting both the connector's surface and threads for up to seven days, if not removed.



Bacterial Cell Death After 30 Seconds of IPA

When exposed to 70% isopropyl alcohol (IPA), harmful bacteria absorb the solution, making the cells swell, then breakdown and die. An in vitro study found that after 30 seconds of contact time with the cap, there were zero colony-forming units (CFUs) detected on the IV connectors.⁶



Get Easy Access to Disinfecting Caps Everywhere You Need Them

With a range of options for dispensing and storage, SwabCap makes it easier to ensure swabbing compliance and improve infection control best practices.



SwabFlush™

SwabFlush gives you access to a sterile, individually packaged SwabCap with every flush syringe to help improve swabbing compliance and clinical efficiency. Visit excelsiormedical.com for more information.

- › After flushing the needlefree connector with SwabFlush, apply the SwabCap located in the back of the syringe plunger.
- › Remove SwabCap and save for later use if flushing in between medications.



SwabPack™

Keep SwabCaps close to the point of care with dispensing bags for hanging on IV poles.

- › Available with either 10 or 25 Disinfecting Caps per pack.

SwabPackPlus™

Get all the benefits of SwabPack with the addition of sterile dead-end caps.

- › Includes 10 Disinfecting Caps and 3 dead-end caps.



Standalone SwabCap Carton

Get fast and easy access to individually packaged SwabCaps with colorful boxes for quick identification.

- › Includes 200 Disinfecting Caps per carton.

SwabCap

List Number	Case Quantity	Product Description
SCXT3-2000	2000	SwabCap – Carton with 200 SwabCaps
SCXT3-10-2000	2000	SwabPack – Pouch with 10 SwabCaps
SCXT3-2400	2400	SwabPack – Pouch with 25 SwabCaps
SCRC3-10-1600	1600	SwabPack Plus – Pouch with 10 SwabCaps and 3 dead-end caps

¹Infection Nurses Society (INS): Infection Nursing Standards of Practice, 2011. ²Posa P. Improving IV Connector Disinfection by Using Human Factors Engineering to Identify Effective, Nurse-Friendly Solutions. Poster presented at the APIC 4th Annual Conference, June, 2013. ³Kamboj M, Blair R, Bell N, et al. Use of Disinfection Cap to Reduce Central-Line-Associated Bloodstream Infection and Blood Culture Contamination Among Hematology-Oncology Patients. Infection Control & Hospital Epidemiology. December, 2015. 36:12. ⁴Strategies to Prevent Central-Line Associated Bloodstream Infections in Acute Care Hospitals. Society for Healthcare Epidemiology of America (SHEA) 2014. ⁵Wright M, Tropp J, Schora D, et al. Continuous passive disinfection of catheter hubs prevents contamination and bloodstream infection. American Journal of Infection Control. 2012. ⁶ICU Medical Study Summary. Thirty-Second Disinfection Study for SwabCap™, 2019